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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/902,184	07/10/2001	Robert Craig Murphy	023895/257911	7537
<sup>79901</sup> Alston & Bird I	7590 10/08/200 LLP	EXAMINER		
Bank of Americ		LY, ANH		
101 South Tryon Street Suite 4000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Charlotte, NC 2	8280-4000	2162		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/08/2008	PAPER

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Applicant(s)	
MURPHY ET AL.	
Art Unit	
2162	
	MURPHY ET AL.  Art Unit

	7441121	2102
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address
THE REPLY FILED 17 September 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THI	S APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	FOR ALLOWANCE.
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appel for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing	date of the final rejection.	
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire la Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.076	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing data.	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee nally set in the final Office action; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp	liance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be	filed within two months of the date of
filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a
3. ☐ The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, b	out prior to the date of filing a brief.	will not be entered because
(a) They raise new issues that would require further con		
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	•	,
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	ter form for appeal by materially rec	ducing or simplifying the issues for
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a d	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	:	
<ol> <li>Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).</li> </ol>	owable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendment canceling the
7.  For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prove the status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		l be entered and an explanation of
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) objected to:  Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-28,30,32-35,37,39-42,44,46 and 47</u> .  Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>29,31,36,38,43 ar</u>	nd 45	
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	<del></del>	
8.  The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).		
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary</li> </ol>	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails to provide a
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attached.
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered bu (see continuation sheet).	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowance because:
12. Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i> (s). (13. Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)	
<del>-</del>		
	/JEAN B. FLEURANTII Primary Examiner, Art U	
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Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

The prior art of record teaches the claimed limitations as indicated in the previous Office action.

Applicant argued that, "Neither Walker nor Sehr teaches or suggests that the first and second data records are compared to determine if an identifier has been assigned for the customer and then assigning an identifier based on the determination that an identifier has not been assigned, as recited by claims 1, 7, 13, and 19." (pages 2-3, in the remarks).

In response to Applicant's arguments, Examiner respectfully disagrees as Walker et al. (Patent Number: 6,134,534, hereinafter as WALKER) teaches comparing the CPO against the CPO rules of each airline and determines whether to accept, reject or counter the CPO on behalf of an airline (generating a response for the airline to the given CPO) (see fig 16, col. 10, lines 12-16, col. 19, lines 5-67 and col. 21, lines 52-65). And WALKER also teaches using a test procedure to determine or verify the identifier that has not assigned to the customer: figs. 16s' col. 13, lines 8-25; col. 21, lines 7-52). In addition to, SEHR teaches comparing the passengers being admitted against the list of authorized passengers or the carrier's maximum capacity (page 6, 0047). To establish the cardholder's identity, the card-based signature will be compared with the "life" signature or biometrics provided by the passenger. If the comparison is successful, the cardholder is legitimate; otherwise a message will be conveyed that a positive identification could not be established (0062). Sehr teaches comparing the biometrics information comprising digital fingerprint, as a fingerprint identifier of a particular customer or passenger with the record previously stored and existing information or customer identifier- first and second data record, assigned to the particular customer (page 35, 0035, lines 1-10, page 7, 0049, page 13, 0081 and 0083; also see para. 0047, 0062, 0066 and 0079).

Applicant argued that, "Walker does not teach or suggest assigning an identifier based on the determination that an identifier has not been assigned, as recited by Claims 1, 7, 13, and 19." (pages 3-4, in the remarks).

In response to Applicant's arguments, Examiner respectfully disagrees as WALKER teaches a plurality of data storage devices storing the client or customer information for central reservation system and airlines reservation system data, each data source or database containing identifying information for each client or customer including customer ID or customer identifier from which it is used to identify a particular customer or entity associated with customer database; also customer detail is used to describe the customer identified by customer identifier. Walker also teaches ID number of customer is utilized as cross-reference the corresponding information for the stored customer in the customer database between the reservation systems and each client is assigned an identifier based on the stored database: such as customer ID or CPO ID for CPO customer and a test procedure to determine or verify the identifier that has not assigned to the customer: figs. 16s' col. 13 lines 8-25; col. 21, lines 7-52; see fig. 1, 4, and 6-7, 16 and col. 14, lines 5-32, col. 15, lines 30-47 and col. 17, lines 5-25).

Applicant argued that, "Applicants argued that the cited references did not teach or suggest a master data store including for each customer a unique identifier identifying the customer and a list of the electronic facilities that contain information for the customer along with the identification for the customer used by each electronic storage facility, as recited by independent Claims 23 and 25." (pages 5-6, in the remarks).

In response to Applicant's arguments, Examiner respectfully disagrees as Coates teaches the storage cluster consists of distributed object storage managers ("DOSMs") 320 and intelligent storage nodes the storage center includes a plurality of distributed object storage managers (DOSMs) and a storage cluster that includes a plurality of intelligent storage nodes, the DOSM file lookup table stores, in the file identification column, the 128 bit string, with the file designation "MD5." The second column of the DOSM file lookup table stores the IP address of the intelligent storage node that stores the object file (e.g., "10.3.100.1"). The third column, labeled disk ID, stores an integer value that identifies the specific disk drive on the intelligent storage node that stores the object file. The customer ID is a network storage system identifier used to uniquely identify the client. The customer name is the real name associated with a customer. For the first example entry in the customer table, "customer A" has a customer ID of "1." The customer reserved fields provide storage reserved for use by the client. The customer ID, the same customer ID stored in the customer table, uniquely identifies the client. For the example entries in folder table, the customer ID of "3" identifies that the folders have been assigned to "customer C." The folder ID identifies the specific folder for that entry: abstract, and figs. 6, 7 and 12, col. 7, lines 1-25, col. 11, lines 12-54 and col. 15, lines 15-57). Thus, identifying information includes: Disk ID or Folder ID is storage identifier, customer ID is for identifying customer information and also, metadata is information/data related to identifying customer. Also, a list of storage resource locators (SRL) for a unique identifier of file storage cluster: abstract, col. 5, lines 50-54, col. 7, lines 1-16 and col. 9, lines 12-67).

For the above reasons, Examiner believed that rejection of the last Office action was proper. Thus, the Examiner maintains the rejection. /AL/